

Article

## Reactions of Some New Thienothiophene Derivatives

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**Abstract:** Facile and convenient syntheses of bisdimethylthieno[2,3-b]thiophen-2,5-diyl bis(oxazole-2-amine), bis(1*H*-imidazol-2-amine), bis((3*a*)-*H*-indole),[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine), bis(1*H*-imidazo[1,2-*b*][1,2,4]triazole) and bis(9*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazo[1,2-*a*]imidazole) derivatives incorporating a thieno[2,3-*b*]thiophene moiety from the versatile and readily accessible 1,1'(3,4-dimethylthieno[2,3-*b*]thiophene-2,5-diyl)-bis(2-bromo-ethanone) (**1**) are described.

**Keywords:** bis(2-bromoethanone); bis-thieno[2,3-*b*]thiophene; bis(oxazole-2-amine); bis-heterocycles; imidazotriazole

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### 1. Introduction

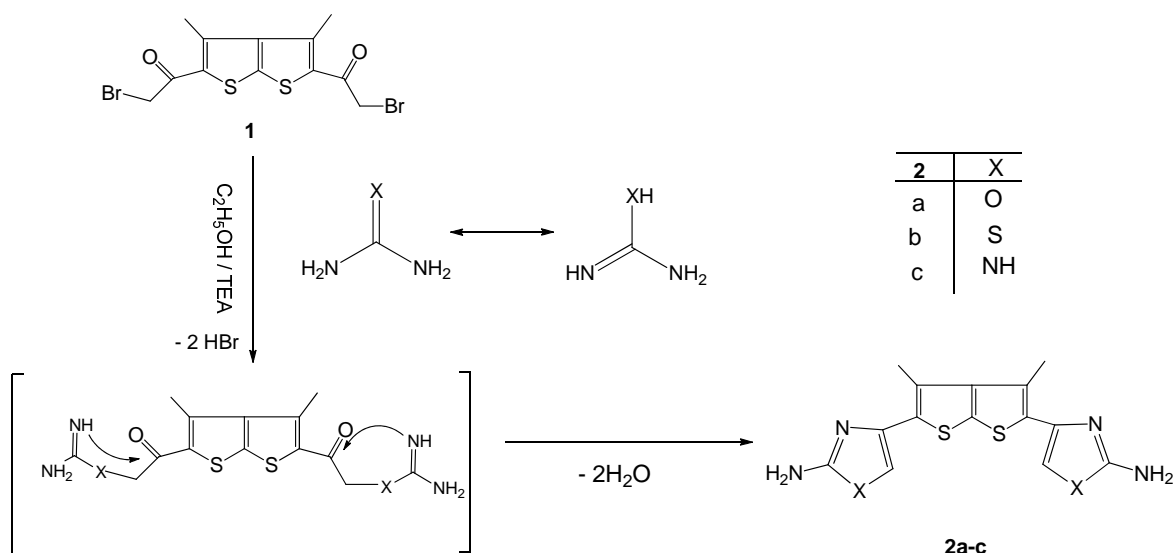
We have been interested for some time in the chemical and biological properties of thienothiophene derivatives [1-3]. Thienothiophenes have been developed for different purposes in the pharmaceutical field and have been tested as potential antitumor, antiviral, antibiotic and antiglaucoma drugs or as inhibitors of platelet aggregation [3-8]. In addition, thienothiophenes find potential applications in a wide variety of optical and electronic systems [9-11]. Recently, some conjugated thienothiophenes, structurally related to several current applications have been reported [12-19]. In continuation of these findings, we report herein the synthesis of some novel bis-heterocycles containing a

thieno[2,3-b]thiophene moiety as a base unit and which are of interest as potential biologically active compounds or pharmaceuticals.

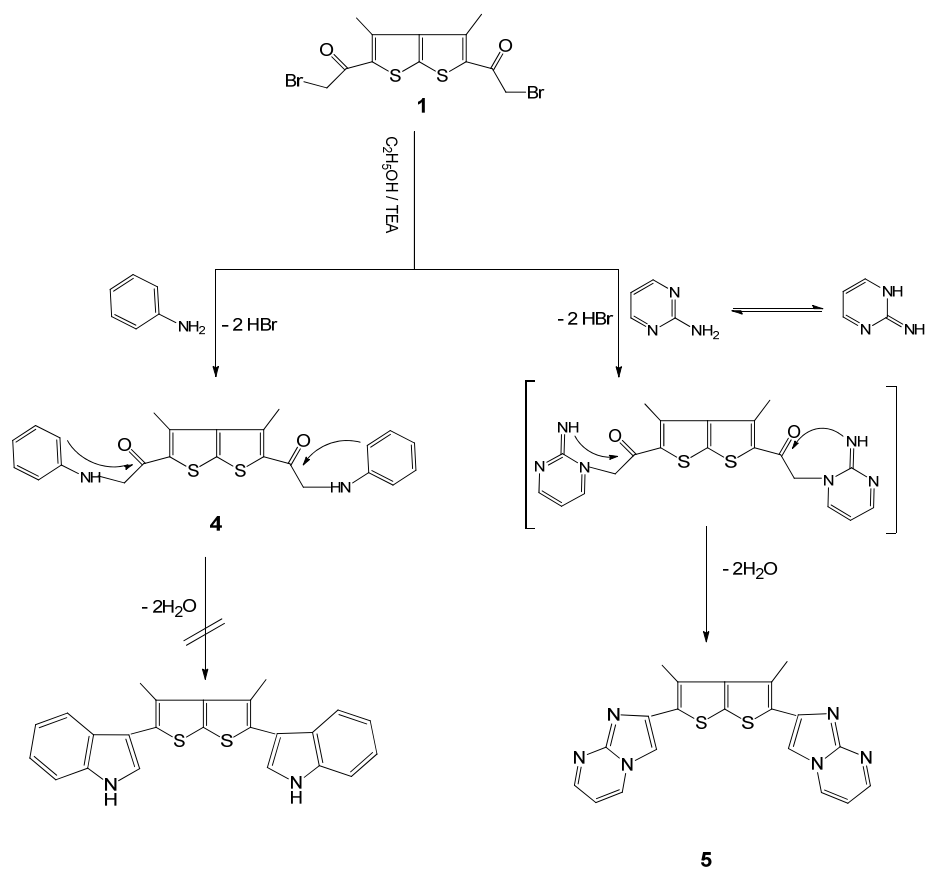
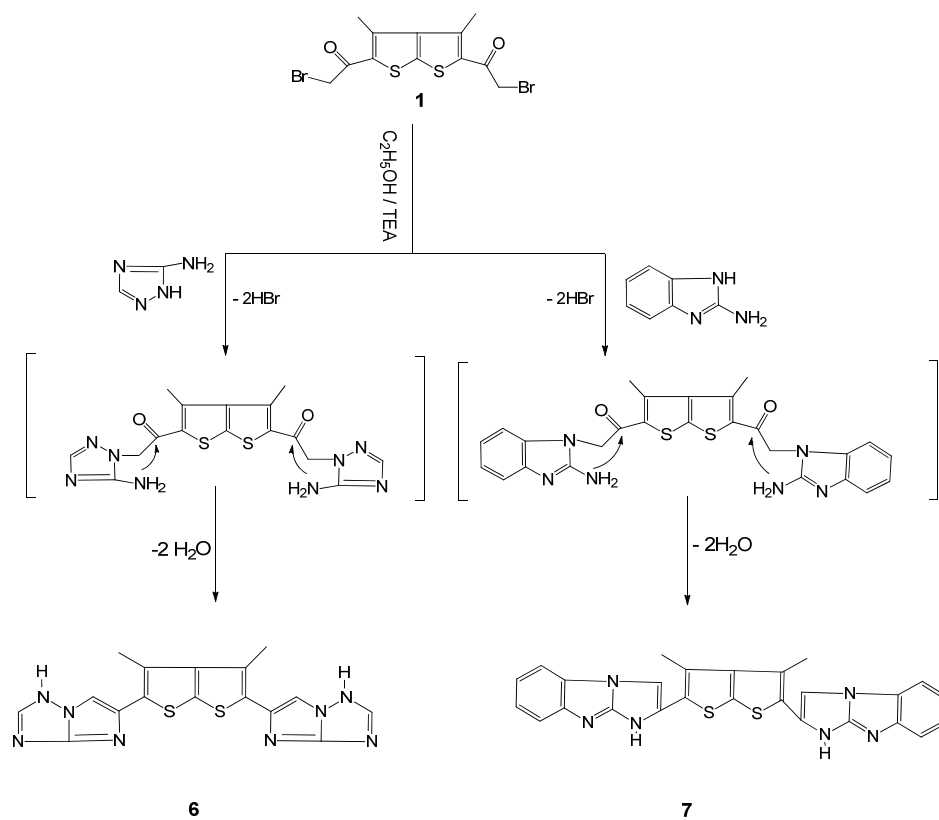
## 2. Results and Discussion

The synthetic procedures adopted to obtain the target compounds are outlined in Schemes 1, 2 and 3. Treatment of bis-2-bromoacetylthieno[2,3-b]thiophene derivative **1** [3] with urea, thiourea or guanidine in refluxing EtOH/TEA gave the novel bithieno[2,3-b]thiophene derivatives **2a-c**, respectively (Scheme 1). The structures of the products were deduced from their elemental analysis and spectral data. For example, the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of compound **2a** revealed a singlet at  $\delta$  7.19 characteristic of an oxazole CH proton. The IR spectra of **2a-c** showed, in each case, the absence of the carbonyl bands found in **1** and the presence of new bands in the 3422–3385 cm<sup>-1</sup> region due to NH<sub>2</sub> and NH groups.

**Scheme 1.** Synthesis of bis-amino heterocycles derivatives **2a-b**.



Treatment of compound **1** with aniline or with 2-aminopyrimidine in refluxing EtOH/TEA led to the novel bis-thieno[2,3-b]thiophene derivatives **4** and **5**, respectively (Scheme 2), whose structures were confirmed on the basis of their elemental analyses and spectral data. The <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of compound **5**, for example, revealed signals at  $\delta$  7.43–7.80, characteristic of imidazole and pyrimidine CH protons. The IR spectrum of **5** lacked a carbonyl absorption band and the <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectrum revealed eleven types of carbon atoms (*i.e.*, those of half the bisheterocycle). The IR spectrum of compound **4** showed a carbonyl absorption band at 1690 cm<sup>-1</sup> [20]. Treatment of compound **1** with 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole in refluxing ethanol afforded 5,5'-(3,4-dimethylthieno[2,3-b]thiophene-2,5-diyl)bis(1H-imidazo[1,2-b][1,2,4]triazole) (**6**, Scheme 3). The <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of compound **6** displayed singlets at  $\delta$  2.22 (CH<sub>3</sub>),  $\delta$  7.80 (2H, CH, imidazole), 9.8 (s, 2C, CH, triazole) and 12.4 (2H, NH, triazole). The <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectrum revealed nine types of carbon. The mass spectrum revealed a molecular ion peak at  $m/z$  380, corresponding to C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>8</sub>S<sub>2</sub>. In a similar manner, when **1** was treated with 2-aminobenzimidazole, the corresponding compound **7** was obtained in high yield.

**Scheme 2.** Synthesis of bis- thieno-thiophenes derivatives **4** and **5**.**Scheme 3.** Synthesis of bis- imidazole derivatives **6** and **7**.

### 3. Experimental

#### 3.1. General

All melting points were measured on a Koffler block melting point apparatus. IR spectra were measured as KBr pellets on a Perkin Elmer FT 1000 spectrophotometer. The NMR spectra were recorded in DMSO- $d_6$  on a Varian Mercury Jeol-(400 MHz) NMR spectrometer.  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR (400 MHz) and  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR were run in (DMSO- $d_6$ ). Chemical shifts were related to that of the residual solvent peak. Mass spectra were recorded on a Shimadzu GCMS-QP 1000 EX mass spectrometer at 70 eV. Elemental analyses were carried out at the Microanalytical Center of King Saud University, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.

#### 3.2. General Procedure for the Reaction of Bis-2-Bromoethanone Derivative **1** with Urea, Thiourea and Guanidine: Preparation of Compounds **2a-c**

Compound **1** (0.410 g, 1 mmol) was treated with urea, thiourea or guanidine (2 mmol) in dry ethanol (20 mL, 99.9%) under reflux for 4-6 h. After addition of TEA (0.5 mL) the corresponding derivatives **2a-c** were formed as solids that were filtered off, washed with ethanol, dried and recrystallized (DMF/EtOH) to afford the desired product in pure form.

*4,4'-(3,4-Dimethylthieno[2,3-*b*]thiophen-2,5-diyl)bis(oxazole-2-amine)* (**2a**). Dark yellow crystals; yield 77%; mp > 320 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3417, 3391 ( $\text{NH}_2$ )  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR:  $\delta$  2.23 (s, 6H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 7.19 (s, 2H, oxazole), 6.65 (s, 4H,  $\text{NH}_2$  aromatic);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR:  $\delta$  14.8 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ , aliphatic), 128.8, 134.3, 148.1, 148.8 (thienothiophene  $\text{ArC}'\text{s}$ ), 136.1, 140.0, 159.3 ( $\text{ArC}'\text{s}$ ); MS  $m/z$  (%): 332 ( $\text{M}^+$ , 6), 331 (51), 317 (100), 165 (48), 76 (98). Anal. for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2\text{S}_2$  (332.40) calcd. C, 50.59; H, 3.64; N, 16.86; S, 19.29. Found: C, 50.48; H, 3.62; N, 16.90; S, 19.20.

*4,4'-(3,4-Dimethylthieno[2,3-*b*]thiophen-2,5-diyl)bis(thiazol-2-amine)* (**2b**). Bright brown crystals; yield 89%; mp. 295 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3420, 3391 ( $\text{NH}_2$ )  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR:  $\delta$  2.37 (s, 6H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 8.23 (s, 2H, thiazole), 5.88 (s, 4H,  $\text{NH}_2$  aromatic);  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR:  $\delta$  15.2 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ , aliphatic), 129.8, 133.8, 147.2, 148.1 (thienothiophene  $\text{ArC}'\text{s}$ ), 135.6, 140.2, 167.3 ( $\text{ArC}'\text{s}$ ); MS  $m/z$  (%): 365 ( $\text{M} + 1$ , 15), 364 ( $\text{M}$ , 39), 331 (51), 207 (48), 79 (98). Anal. for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_4\text{S}_4$  (364.53) calcd. C, 46.13; H, 3.32; N, 15.37; S, 35.18. Found: C, 46.10; H, 3.34; N, 15.28; S, 35.12.

*4,4'-(3,4-Dimethylthieno[2,3-*b*]thiophen-2,5-diyl)bis(1H-imidazol-2-amine)* (**2c**). Light brown crystals; yield 95%; mp. 288 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu_{\text{max}}$  3422, 3385 ( $\text{NH}_2$ ), 3220 (NH)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR:  $\delta$  2.33 (s, 6H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 7.68 (s, 2H, imidazole), 6.51 (s, 4H,  $\text{NH}_2$  aromatic), 12.28 (s, 2H, NH imidazole).  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR:  $\delta$  14.8 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ , aliphatic), 130.5, 134.3, 148.3, 148.6 (thienothiophene  $\text{ArC}'\text{s}$ ), 136.3, 141.2, 162.1 ( $\text{ArC}'\text{s}$ ); MS  $m/z$  (%): 331 ( $\text{M} + 1$ , 28), 330 ( $\text{M}$ , 100), 298 (21), 168 (43), 98 (63), 79 (38). Anal. for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_6\text{S}_2$  (330.43) calcd. C, 50.89; H, 4.27; N, 25.43; S, 19.41. Found: C, 50.78; H, 4.25; N, 25.38; S, 19.36.

### 3.3. General Procedure for the Reaction of Bis-2-Bromoethanone Derivative **1** with Aniline and 2-Aminopyrimidine

Treatment of compound **1** (0.410 g, 1 mmol) with aniline or 2-aminopyrimidine (2 mmol) in dry ethanol (20 mL 99.9%) at reflux for 5-8 h afforded the corresponding derivatives **4** and **5**, respectively. The solid products formed were filtered off, washed with ethanol, dried and recrystallized (DMF/EtOH).

2,2'-(3,4-Dimethylthieno[2,3-*b*]thiophen-2,5-diyl)bis((3*a*)*H*-indole) (**4**). Yellow crystals; yield 95%; mp > 320 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu_{\max}$  3390 (NH), 1690 (C=O)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$ :  $\delta$  2.83 (s, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 7.77-7.83 (s, 10H, ArH's); 6.33 (2H, NH);  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ :  $\delta$  15.1 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>, aliphatic), 131.3, 132.3, 144.6, 148.3 (thieno-thiophene ArC's), 34.9, 105.3, 121.2, 122.2, 124.6, 127.2, 166.4 (ArC's); MS  $m/z$  (%): 399 (M + 1, 41), 398 (M, 89), 397 (84), 383 (24), 165 (54). Anal. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (398.54) calcd. C, 72.33; H, 4.55; N, 7.03; S, 16.09. Found: C, 72.22; H, 4.49; N, 7.13; S, 16.03.

2,2'-(3,4-Dimethylthieno[2,3-*b*]thiophen-2,5-diyl)bis(imidazo[1,2-*a*]pyrimidine) (**5**). Brown crystals; yield 78%; mp > 320 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu_{\max}$  1600 (C=N)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$ :  $\delta$  2.97 (s, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 7.78 (s, 2H, CH, imidazole), 7.43, 7.45, 7.80 (s, 6H, CH, pyrimidine);  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ :  $\delta$  14.3 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>, aliphatic), 130.2, 133.4, 145.7, 148.4 (thienothiophene ArC's), 103.9, 111.4, 122.2, 127.2, 159.1, 163.2 (ArC's); MS  $m/z$  (%): 403 (M + 1, 46), 402 (M, 100), 387 (29), 284 (12). Anal. for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (402.50) calcd. C, 59.68; H, 3.5; N, 20.88; S, 15.93. Found: C, 59.56; H, 3.48; N, 20.78; S, 15.99.

5,5'-(3,4-Dimethylthieno[2,3-*b*]thiophen-2,5-diyl)bis(1*H*-imidazo[1,2-*b*][1,2,4]triazole) (**6**). Compound **1** (0.410 g, 1 mmol), was added to 4-amino-1,2,4-triazole (0.168 g, 2 mmol) in dry ethanol (20 mL, 99.9%) at reflux for 4 h. After adding TEA (0.5 mL), two minutes of heating followed. The solid product formed was filtered off, washed with ethanol, dried and recrystallized (DMF/EtOH). Red crystals; yield 81%; mp. 228-230 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu_{\max}$  3385 (NH) 1560 (C=N)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$ :  $\delta$  2.22 (s, 6H, 2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 8.52 (s, 2H, CH, imidazole) 9.8 (s, 2H, CH, triazole), 12.4 (2H, NH, triazole);  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ :  $\delta$  15.4 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>, aliphatic), 137.8, 140.9, 144.4, 148.1 (thienothiophene ArC's), 120.1, 124.1, 156.5, 163.0 (ArC's) MS  $m/z$  (%): 381 (M + 1, 13), 380 (M, 100), 378 (22), 365 (36), 98 (14). Anal. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>8</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (380.06) calcd. C, 50.51; H, 3.18; N, 29.45; S, 16.86. Found: C, 50.46; H, 3.17; N, 29.22; S, 16.77.

2,2'-(3,4-Dimethylthieno[2,3-*b*]thiophen-2,5-diyl)bis(9*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazo[1,2-*a*]imidazole) (**7**). Compound **1** (0.410 g, 1 mmol), was added to 2-aminobenzimidazole (0.266 g, 2 mmol) in dry ethanol (20 mL, 99.9%) at reflux for 6 h. After adding TEA (0.5 mL), two minutes of heating followed. The solid product so formed was filtered off, washed with ethanol, dried and recrystallized from (DMF/EtOH). Yellow crystals; yield 78%; mp > 320 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu_{\max}$  3414 (NH), 1544 (C=N)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H-NMR}$ :  $\delta$  2.30 (s, 6H, 2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 8.86 (2H, imidazole C-H), 12.8 (2H, NH, imidazole), 7.31, 7.33, 7.35 (4H, CH, benzimidazole);  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ :  $\delta$  15.88 (2CH<sub>3</sub>, aliphatic), 137.8, 140.9, 144.4, 148.1 (thienothiophene ArC's) 107.1, 112.5, 124.1, 124.5, 124.9, 125.0, 157.2 (ArC's); MS  $m/z$  (%): 479 (M + 1, 35), 478 (M, 10), 476 (54), 318 (21), 96 (86). Anal. for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>6</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (478.59) calcd. C, 65.25; H, 3.79; N, 17.56; S, 13.40. Found: C, 65.22; H, 3.67; N, 17.62; S, 13.33.

#### 4. Conclusions

Syntheses and identification of some bis-heterocycles **2a-c** and **4-7** containing thieno[2,3-b]thiophene moieties *via* the versatile, hitherto unreported reagent 2-bromo-1-[5-(2-bromoacetyl)-3,4-dimethylthieno[2,3-b]thiophen-2-yl]-ethanone (**1**) were reported.

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*Sample Availability:* Samples of compounds **1-7** are available from the authors.

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