

Documents

Laamari, M.E.^a, Cheknane, A.^a, Benghia, A.^b, Hilal, H.S.^c

Optimized opto-electronic and mechanical properties of orthorhombic methylamunium lead halides (MAPbX₃) (X = I, Br and Cl) for photovoltaic applications

(2019) *Solar Energy*, 182, pp. 9-15.

DOI: 10.1016/j.solener.2019.02.035

^a Laboratoire des semiconducteurs et matériaux fonctionnels, Université Amar Telidji de Laghouat, Bd des martyrs, BP37G, Laghouat, 03000, Algeria

^b Laboratoire de physique des matériaux, Université Amar Telidji de Laghouat, Bd des martyrs, BP37G, Laghouat, 03000, Algeria

^c SSERL, Department of Chemistry, An-Najah National University, P.O. Box 7, Nablus, West Bank, Palestine

Abstract

Organometallic halide perovskites (OMHPs) are absorbent materials, and can thus be employed in solar cells with power conversion efficiency (PEC) of 22% or higher. Using calculations, this work confirms earlier experimental findings and determines optimal properties to achieve maximum conversion efficiency for OMHPs. Values of energy band gap, density of states, absorption coefficient, refractive index, dielectric constant and elastic constants of orthorhombic methylamunium lead halides (MAPbX₃) (X = I, Br and Cl) family are all calculated using Density Functional Theory (DFT) method with generalized gradient approximation (GGA). The stiffness of (MAPbX₃) (X = I, Br and Cl) is investigated by calculating Young's moduli E constants. Among the series, MAPbI₃ is the stiffest material with E_x = 57.24 GPa. The perovskite family members are characterized by their energy band gap variation as: E_g MAPbI₃, MAPbBr₃, MAPbCl₃ = 1.626, 2.207 and 2.748 eV, respectively. They also exhibit a remarkable absorption coefficient (α MAPbX₃ = 10⁵ cm⁻¹) over a wide energy range particularly the visible spectrum [1.65–3.26 eV: 380–750 nm]. The anisotropy of optical properties (MAPbX₃) (X = I, Br) is proven in the near and middle ultraviolet [3.1–5 eV] energy band. © 2019

Author Keywords

Band gap tuning; DFT; Optical absorption; Perovskites; Stiffness

Publisher: Elsevier Ltd

ISSN: 0038092X

CODEN: SRENA

2-s2.0-85061643661

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus